this month in diseases

chrysantheaum

By A.R. Chase and Margery Daughtrey

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Disease	Pathogen	Stage of crop	Best cultural controls	Best product controls, based mainly on Chase Research trials	Is In this issue, we present a summary of diseases that occur in chrysanthemum. Remember: Product controls are based on research trials and do not reflect an endorsement of any sort. - A.R. Chase is president and pathologist of Chase Horticultural Research, Inc. and can be reached at archase@ chaseresearch.net.
Alternaria flower and leaf spot	<i>Alternaria</i> sp.	Finishing and landscape	Avoid overhead irrigation and exposure to rainfall.	Daconil Ultrex (on leaves only) and strobilurins (like Compass O, Heritage and Insignia)	
Fusarium crown rot	Fusarium solani	Mid to late production	Use only pathogen- free cuttings, new pots and new potting medium.	Possibly Medallion, Heritage and Terraguard	
Fusarium wilt	<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>chrysanthemi</i>	Anytime after rooting	Use pathogen-free cuttings, new pots and new potting medium.	None known to be effective	
Pythium root rot and wilt	Pythium aphanidermatum	Anytime in production and sometimes in propagation	Use well-draining potting media; manage water carefully; use new potting media and pots and pathogen- free plants.	Subdue MAXX (resistance is possible), Terrazole (or Truban), FenStop (use lower labeled rates) and Segway	
Rust — brown	Puccinia chrysanthemi	Midsummer through finish	Time irrigation to avoid long periods when foliage is wet or use drip irrigation; space plants adequately.	Sterol inhibitors (like Eagle) and strobilurins (especially Heritage). Use a wetting agent as directed for eradication.	
Rust — white	Puccinia horiana	Evident only at finishing	Destroy infected plants per quarantine regulations.	Prevention only — see brown rust.	
Verticillium wilt	Verticillium dahliae	Mainly finishing	Use only pathogen- free cuttings.	None known to be effective.	